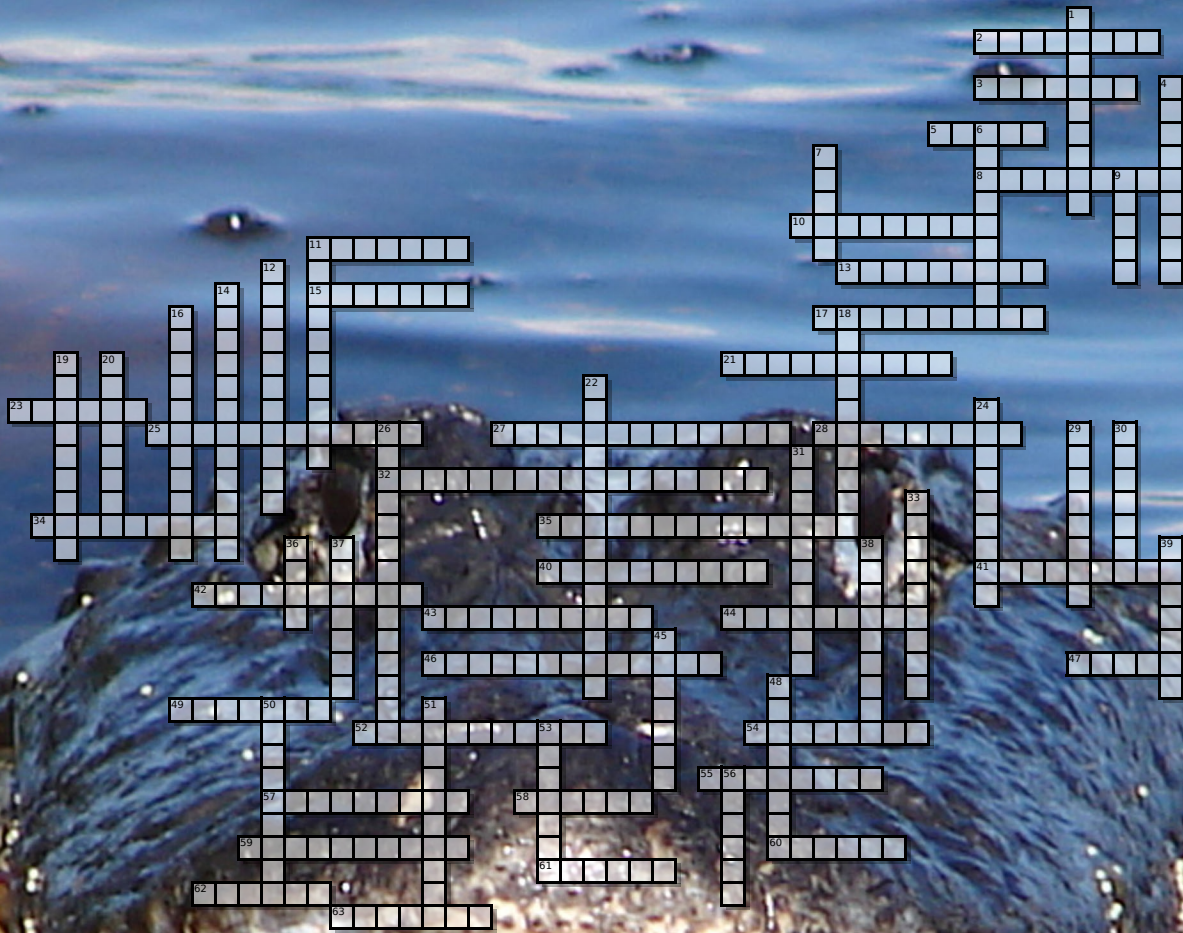


# Louisiana Parish Crossword Puzzle



**ACROSS**

- 2 The original seat of government was the community of St. James, but this was moved in 1869 to what is now Convent, on the east bank.
- 3 Home of the Louisiana Peach Festival.
- 5 One of several new parishes created by the Reconstruction legislature in an attempt to build the Republican Party.
- 8 Parish was divided by the state in 1910, when La Salle Parish was formed from its old western section.
- 10 Much of the southern portion of the parish was swept away by water erosion, especially after Hurricane Katrina and Hurricane Rita in 2005.
- 11 Parish is named for 19th-century American statesman Daniel Webster of Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
- 13 Name means "crying eagle."
- 15 Comprises the Morgan City, LA Micropolitan Statistical Area, which is also included in the Lafayette-Opelousas-Morgan City, LA Combined Statistical Area.
- 17 Parish seat was named after the Houma people.
- 21 Parish was originally part of the German Coast, an area along the east bank of the Mississippi River that was settled by numerous German pioneers in the 1720s.
- 23 Following Indian Removal by the United States government in the 1830s, the land was sold and this area was developed by European Americans for cotton plantations.
- 25 In May 1861, free men of color in the area known as Isle Brevelle began to organize two militia companies here.
- 27 In 1824, the state legislature divided the parish so that residents would have easier access to their parish seats.
- 28 A bronze statue of the president it was named after stands at the entrance of the General Government Complex on Derbigny Street in Gretna.
- 32 On January 8, 1811, the largest slave insurrection in US history, known as the German Coast Uprising, started here.
- 34 Contains the highest elevation in Louisiana.
- 35 Parish has a highly rated school system and is one of the few in Louisiana that has privatized school bus services.
- 40 Parish was assembled from territories taken from Livingston Parish, St. Helena Parish, St. Tammany Parish, and Washington Parish.
- 41 In 1832, the southern section of the parish was taken to form Livingston Parish.
- 42 Livingston became the parish seat of government in 1941.
- 43 Although one faction wanted the town of Singer to be the parish seat, DeRidder was chosen by a majority of voters on 15 October 1912.
- 44 Named for the first Louisiana governor, William C. C. Claiborne.
- 46 The River Bend Nuclear Generating Station, operated by Entergy Nuclear, is located here.
- 47 Was created by territory taken from Natchitoches Parish in 1838.
- 49 Founded in 1845 after Indian Removal and named for President Andrew Jackson.
- 52 Poverty Point is on the south end of this parish.
- 54 Formed in 1838 from part of Ouachita & Catahoula Parishes.
- 55 Name was chosen due to the rich production from farming.
- 57 Name is derived from the French name for the historic Avoyel people.
- 58 The Battle of Mansfield was fought here on April 8, 1864.
- 59 Named after the Delaware Indian Chief Tamanend.
- 60 Founded from parts of St. Landry Parish in 1886.

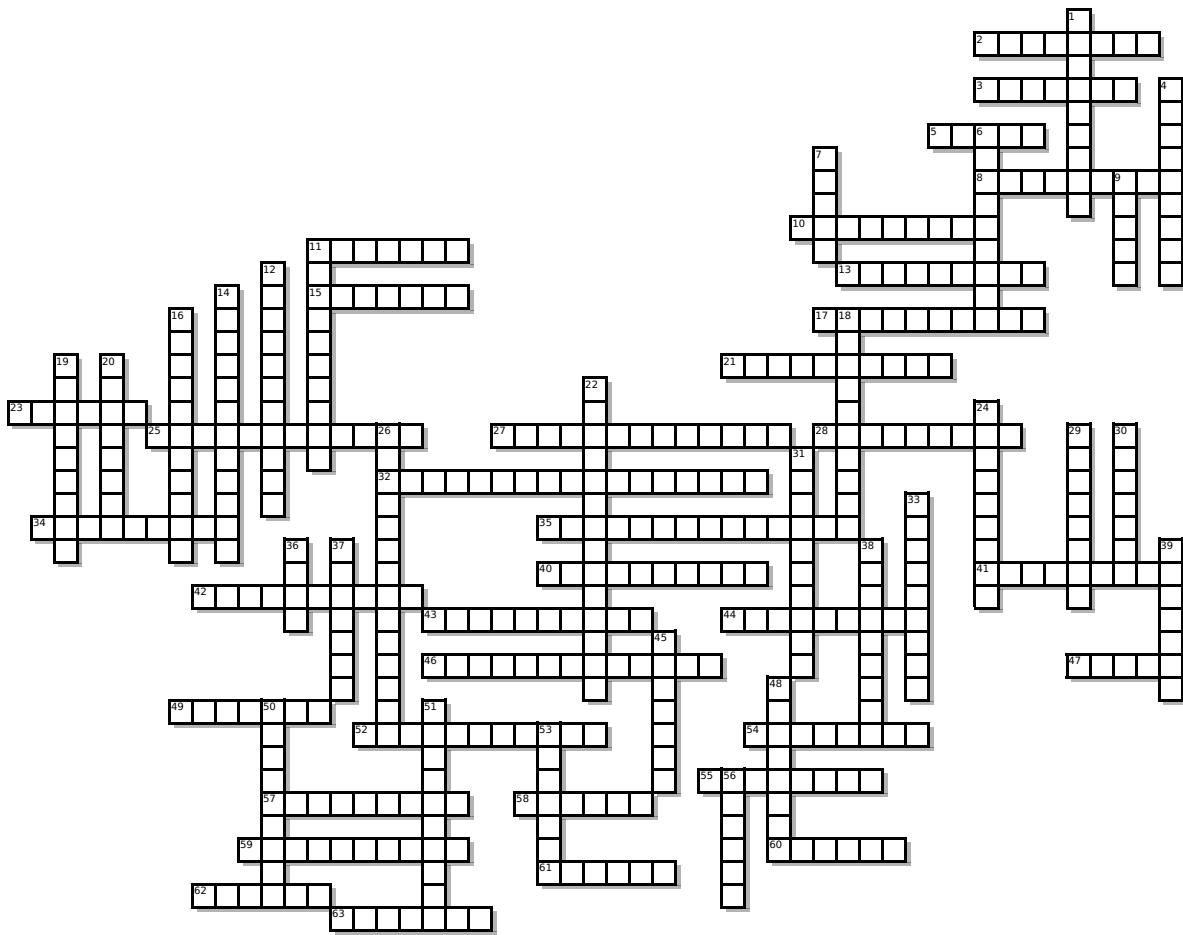
- 61 Act 46 creating the parish specified that the seat of government should be named Many in honor of Col. John B. Many.
- 62 Was long a center of the timber industry, which harvested pine in the hills and bottomland hardwoods.
- 63 In 1763, the land became the new home of the Apalachee tribe.

**DOWN**

- 1 The Thibodaux Massacre of November 22, 1887 took place here.
- 4 The land that here was inhabited since at least 10,500 B.C., as deduced from excavations of three prehistoric dwelling sites.
- 6 Parish seat is Donaldsonville.
- 7 Named for former Confederate States Army general and Governor of Louisiana Henry Watkins Allen.
- 9 Parish was created on March 13, 1839, from a section of Ouachita Parish.
- 11 The most northeasterly of what are called the Florida Parishes.
- 12 Name was derived from the Atakapa word, piakimin, meaning the local fruit persimmon.
- 14 Originally called Le Poste de Pointe Coupée.
- 16 U.S. President Theodore Roosevelt came here for a black bear hunt.
- 18 Parish was named in honor of a Henry Wadsworth Longfellow poem.
- 19 Named by Anglo-American settlers for a Latin word meaning "harmony."
- 20 Hosts the annual Catfish Festival.
- 22 Named after a prominent planter and the President of the Confederate States of America.
- 24 Comprises the Bastrop, LA Micropolitan Statistical Area, which is included in the Monroe-Ruston-Bastrop, LA Combined Statistical Area.
- 26 The most populous parish in Louisiana.
- 29 State legislature during Reconstruction created the parish in 1871 to develop Republican Party strength.
- 30 Created in 1910 from the western section of Catahoula Parish.
- 31 In 1807, became the eighth parish of the Orleans Territory.
- 33 Named in honor of the French general who took part in the Continental Army in the American Revolutionary War and financially aided it.
- 36 After the Civil War, bandits roamed the Natchez Trace or Harrisonburg Road that ran through the lower part of the parish.
- 37 Named after an ethnic French, 19th-century Louisiana state senator and U.S. representative from Natchitoches Parish.
- 38 Archeological efforts have been made in the Parish, mainly to excavate the Native American burial mounds that have been identified there.
- 39 The Sevier family, members of the Democratic Party, dominated politics here for more than a century.
- 45 Organized in 1870 during the Reconstruction era and was made up of portions of Calcasieu and Vermilion parishes.
- 48 Located here is Watson Brake, the oldest indigenous earthwork mound complex in North America.
- 50 Parish was largely colonized in the 1700s by people from France and Acadia, resulting in a large concentration of French-speaking population today.
- 51 In 1868, was home to one of the deadliest massacres in Louisiana history.
- 53 A consolidated city-parish located along the Mississippi River in the southeastern region of Louisiana.
- 56 Created from parts of St. Martin Parish and St. Mary Parish in 1868.



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